Module 3 - Personal Safety/Handout 1

A Housing Safety Checklist for Older People



Our homes fulfill many needs for us. Often, the most basic need is for shelter from the elements and intruders. Once we are protected and secure, other needs can be met. Comfort and a place for self-expression are vital for our well-being. Home gives a feeling of independence. Our home should also be a place in which we can be safe from accidents and injuries.

Shelter and Protection

You must feel safe and secure in order to be able to relax, so be security conscious. Put strong dead bolt locks on front and back doors. If your situation allows, install a burglar alarm system. A peephole for all outside doors will let you can see who is at the door before you open it. Install the peephole at the proper height for you. The most effective peepholes allow you to see a range of 180 degrees from side to side.

Safety

Home accidents are a major source of injuries and can cause death. Older persons, whose bones are often less dense and more brittle, are especially vulnerable to serious injuries from home accidents. A simple fall that results in a broken bone can become a serious, disabling injury that limits one's independence.

As we age, our senses of sight, touch, hearing, and smell tend to decline. Our physical abilities are reduced, and certain tasks such as stretching, lifting, and bending become

more difficult. In addition, we also experience a slowing of judgment and reaction time. As a result, we cannot respond as quickly as when we were younger. These normal changes in perception, physical abilities, and judgment makes us more prone to accidents. Simple precautions and adjustments can help ensure a safe, accident-free home.

On the following pages, you will find a series of checklists. Use these lists as you go through your home. Make a check mark next to those items or behaviors that you already have.

If there are items that you do not check, then your home is not as safe as it could be. By improving those items not marked, you can make your home a safer and more comfortable place to live. While the suggestions in this publication are for older people, they apply to all age groups as well.

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General Safety

Emergency numbers and your address are posted by each telephone.
Telephones are located in each room. They can be reached from the floor in case of a fall.
Inside and outside door handles and locks are easy to operate.
Doors have lever-action handles instead of round knobs.
 Door thresholds are low and beveled or there are no thresholds.
Windows open easily from the inside, but they have a secure locking system that can prevent
someone from entering from the outside.
The water heater thermostat is set at 120°F or lower to prevent accidental scalding.
Medications are stored in a safe place according to instructions on the label of the package or
container.
Carpeting and rugs are not worn or torn. Small, loose rugs have non-skid backing and are not
placed in traffic areas of the home.
Appliances, lamps, and cords are clean and in good condition.
There are no exposed, glaring bulbs in lamps or fixtures.
All electrical equipment bears the Underwriters laboratories (UL) label.
Outlets are located where they are needed in every room.
Electrical overload protection is provided by circuit breakers, fuses, or ground fault circuit
interrupters (GFCI). GFCIs prevent electrical shock and are particularly important in areas where
water is used, such as kitchens, bathrooms, and outside.
Electrical service has enough capacity to serve the house and is up to code. (You can call
your municipal electrical inspector or a reputable electrical contractor to check the wiring in your
house.)
Extension cords do not carry more than their proper load as indicated on the cord or
appliance.
Electrical cords are placed out of the flow of traffic and out from underneath rugs and
furniture.
Smoke alarms are present in the home and are in working order. One way to help you
remember to change the batteries is to replace them on your birthday—don't forget to mark it on
your calendar.
your calcifical.
Kitchen
The range and sink areas have adequate light levels
The range and sink areas have adequate light levels.
If you have a gas range, it is equipped with pilot lights and an automatic cut-off in the event of
flame failure. (Your local utility service representative can check this for you.)
The range is not where curtains might fall onto a burner.
If you have an exhaust hood for the oven, it has easily removable filters for proper cleaning.
Clean filters as needed.
The kitchen exhaust system is internally vented, discharges directly outside, or discharges
through ducts to the outside and not into the attic or other unused space.
Countertop space lets you keep carrying and lifting to a minimum.
Kitchen wall cabinets are not too high to be easily reached.

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	Light switches are located near the doors.
	_Shiny or glaring work surfaces are not used.
	Oven controls are clearly marked and easily grasped.
	Oven controls are located on the front or side of the oven, so that you don't have to reach
over	he burners.
OVCI	A single-lever mixing faucet is used. This type of faucet controls both the hot and cold water
flow v	vith a single control.
11011	_Flooring is not slippery and has a non-glare surface.
	When cooking, pan handles are turned away from other burners and the edge of the range.
	When cooking, you do not wear garments with long, loose sleeves.
	Hot pads and pan holders are kept near the range.
	_frot pads and pair holders are kept hear the range. _If you have a microwave, it is operated only when there is food in it.
	Small appliances are unplugged when not in use.
	_Smail appliances are unplugged when not in useKnives are kept in a knife rack or drawer.
	Countertops and work areas are cleared of all unnecessary objects.
	Drawers and cupboards are kept closed.
	-
	_A sturdy, stable stepladder or step stool is used rather than a chair to reach objects in ead cabinets.
oven	
	_Grease or liquid spills are wiped up at once.
	_Steps are in good condition and are free of objects.
	Steps have non-skid strips. Carpeting on steps is securely fastened and free of fraying or
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Hedges, trees, or shrubs do not hide the view of the street.

_Garage doors are easy for you to operate, even when snow is piled against them.
The garage is adequately ventilated.

If you find that your home does need changes in order to make it safe, you may want to hire a home repair contractor or handyman. It is important to select a reputable contractor. Here are a few guidelines to help protect you:

- 1. Ask friends to recommend repair contractors.
- Get at least three written estimates for the project. Most contractors give free estimates.
- 3. Ask for and check references.
- 4. If licensing is required in your area, ask to see the contractor's license. Also ask for proof of insurance and bonding.
- 5. Do not pay the contractor in full before the work is done. Some contractors will ask for a small down payment, which is permissible.
- Get a signed written agreement before work begins or money is exchanged. The agreement should specify both work and payment schedules. It should also detail the type of work to be completed.
- 7. Do not make final payments on the project until the work has been performed to your satisfaction.
- 8. Check with the Better Business Bureau or the attorney general's office if you have questions or complaints about a contractor.

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